



THE EMPRESS EXPRESS

VOLUME XX No. 4

EMPRESS, ALTA. THURSDAY, June 23rd, 1932

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Inter-School Field Meet at Mayfield

The second annual inter-school field meet was held at Mayfield hall, on Friday afternoon, June 10th, 1932.

The weather was suitable for the occasion and events were run off with good competition from pupils.

The five schools competing were Anisfield, Chesterfield, Mayfield, Trosley and Wainfield.

Points awarded were: 5 for 1st; 3 for 2nd; 1 for 3rd.

Mayfield school stood first with 131 points; Trosley school second with 125 points; Chesterfield fourth, 98 points; Anisfield fifth, 65 points.

Individual winners were: Boys—Herald Rivers, W, 30 points; Harold Haynes, A, 28 points; Charles Leach, M, 27 points.

Girls—Edith Stenley, T, 25 points; George Chapman, W, 24 points; Irene Rivers, W, 20 points.

There were five classes in girls' and boys' events: Boys—Class I, 6-8 years; Class II, 9-10 years; Class III, 11-12 years; Class IV, 13-14 years; Class V, 15 years and over.

The following are the list of events with achievement and winner opposite:

Running high jump: Boys—Class I, Bobbie Booker A, 2ft. 4 in.; 1st Roy Haynes A, 2ft. 4 in.; Hilbert Kuppert, 3rd.

Girls—Class I, Margaret Stenger M, 2ft. 6 in.; 1st Jean Haynes M, 2ft. 6 in.; Edna Leach M, 3rd.

Class II, Boys—1st Harold Haynes A, 3ft. 2 in.; 2nd Billy Acheson T; 3rd Kenneth Booker A.

Class II, Girls—1st Irene Rivers W, 3ft. 2 in.; 2nd Viola Newman C; 3rd Grace Chapman W.

Class III, 1st Bryden Wager M, 3ft. 6 in.; 2nd Charlie Leach M, 3rd Helene Wager M.

Class III, Girls—1st Dorothy Dinnell M, 3ft. 6 in.; 2nd Rose Kuppert C, 3rd M. J. Booker.

Class IV, 1st Douglas French T, 3ft. 2 in.; 2nd Kenneth Haynes M, 3rd Helen McWhirley C.

Class IV, Girls—1st Edith Stenley T, 3ft. 6 in.; 2nd Sylvia Henne C, 3rd Alice Rivers W.

Free Vault: Class II, and III, Boys—1st Charles Leach M, 6ft.; 2nd Ralph Rivers W, 3rd Bryden Wager M.

Class IV, and V, Boys—Allen Acheson T, 6ft. 4 in.; 2nd Douglas French T, 3rd Stewart Acheson T.

Running Broad Jump: Class I, Boys—1st Robert Booker A, 8ft. 10 in.; 2nd Ross Smith T, 3rd Ted Douglas I.

Class I, Girls—1st Edna Leach M, 8ft. 2 in.; 2nd Margaret Stenger M, 3rd Jean Haynes M.

Class II, Boys—1st Harold Haynes A, 11ft. 10 in.; 2nd Billy Acheson T, 3rd John Ferguson C.

Class II, Girls—1st Grace Chapman W, 2nd Irene Rivers W, 3rd Viola Krenleink C.

Class III, Boys—1st Charles Leach M, 12ft. 11 in.; 2nd Ralph Rivers W, 3rd Donald Krenleink T.

Class III, Girls—Helen Kuppert C, 12ft. 6 in.; 2nd Hilda Butty C, 3rd Edith Mephram A.

Class IV, Boys—1st Harold Rivers W, 5ft. 10 in.; 2nd Stewart Acheson T, 3rd Jack Watson T.

Class IV, Girls—Rose Kuppert C, 13ft. 6 in.; 2nd Dorothy Dinnell M, Mary Booker W.

United Church

Empress:

Sunday School, 10:30 a.m. Public Worship, 11:30 a.m.

Services will be conducted at: Leland, 3:00 p.m.

Social Plains, at 7:30 p.m. We invite you to worship with us.

Rev. Geo. A. Shields, Minister.

Class v. Boys—Douglas French T, 1st; 2nd Clifford Leach M, 3rd Kenneth Haynes M.

Class v. Girls—Edith Stenley T, 1st; 2nd, 3rd Alice Rivers W, 3rd Sylvia Henne C.

Standing Broad Jump: Class I, Boys—1st Bobbie Booker A, 4ft. 7 in.; 2nd Herbert Krenleink C, 3rd Ted Douglas I.

Class I, Girls—1st Jean Haynes M, 4ft. 8 in.; 2nd Edna Leach M, 3rd Margaret Stenger M.

Class II, Boys—1st Harold Haynes A, 5ft. 2 in.; 2nd John Ferguson C, 3rd Jack Watson T.

Class II, Girls—1st Grace Chapman W, 5ft. 9 1/2 in.; 2nd Irene Rivers W, 3rd Viola Krenleink C.

Class III, Boys—1st Charles Leach M, 7ft. 2 in.; 2nd Bryden Wager M, 3rd Ralph Rivers W.

Class III, Girls—1st Helen Kuppert C, 6ft. 4 in.; 2nd Sylvia Henne C, 3rd Alice Rivers W.

Class IV, 1st Harold Haynes A, 7ft. 10 in.; 2nd Jack Watson T, 3rd Bert Haynes T.

Class IV, Girls—1st Dorothy Dinnell M, 7ft. 10 in.; 2nd Mary Becker W, 3rd Roy Kuppert C.

Class V, Boys—1st Kenneth McWhirley C, 7ft. 10 in.; 2nd Helen Haynes M, 3rd Douglas French T.

Class V, Girls—1st Edith Stenley T, 6ft. 8 in.; 2nd Sylvia Henne C, 3rd Alice Rivers W.

(cont. next week)

R.M. Mantario No. 262

Minutes of meeting, June 13. Minutes of previous meeting adopted as read on motion C. D. H.

Montgomery.—That resolution of May 12, re application for his credit under amendment to Municipal Act B, and is hereby confirmed.

Montgomery.—That monthly statement be accepted and filed. Considerable correspondence was read from the Dept. of Municipal Affairs in regard to procedure re postponement of issue of tax titles; amendments to the municipal and various other acts; vital statistics; change of hospitals, etc.

J. Ayres waited on the Council stating that his cattle had been impounded and he was unable to lift them and he therefore turned them over to the municipality with instructions to dispose of them at once and apply the proceeds on his taxes.

Rowles.—That we pay the pound fees, and damages, if any, on the J. Ayres cattle, under protest, and that Hugo be authorized to receive same.

Hawtin.—That offer of the Soldier Settlement Board be accepted subject to the approval of the Dept. of Municipal Affairs.

Dahl.—That estimates of Alaska S.D. and Clow S.D. be approved.

(continued on back page)

Alberta Proposed Scheme For Enlarged Municipalities

Announcement of Plan by Premier Brownlee

Abolition of the present system of small municipal districts in the province, and the creation in its place of a system of "enlarged municipal areas," under which 160 municipal districts are now in operation, together with some 145 improved districts now administered by the provincial government, would be amalgamated into some 40 "enlarged" areas, thereby eliminating a large part of the cost of government, both provincial and municipal, while increasing efficiency of administration, is proposed in a plan announced this week by Premier J. E. Brownlee.

A saving in municipal administrative costs alone of over one-quarter million dollars or three quarters of a mill on the total rural assessment in the province is estimated, while saving in provincial administrative costs and in the costs of all public services will run into very large figures.

The proposal, which has already been before the provincial cabinet, and is now presented to the public by the Premier, is the result of two years of rather exhaustive study and survey of the province conducted by an official of the Department of Municipal Affairs. The plan is entirely different from any scheme of large municipal organizations in existence in Canada or in the United States, and is simply the application of the principles of our present small municipal unit to the larger area and continues the idea of only one authority for municipal administrative and taxing purposes.

The plan was so far developed will, in accordance with a resolution of the last convention of the municipal districts association, be discussed further with the executive of that organization who have already been in consultation with the departmental officials in its preparation. It will then be submitted to the next convention of that association after which it is hoped that it will be ready for submission to the next session of the provincial legislature.

As a basis for discussion only, a map has been prepared setting out a plan of consolidation which appears reasonable and equitable to the departmental officials, but this map, of course, be subject to adjustment, both as to the number of large units and their boundaries, as a result of further discussion.

Grouping of localities having a common interest, and homing of the same general agricultural and geographical classification as far as possible.

Maintenance of the municipal boundaries along township and range lines save where natural

boundaries such as rivers might more advantageously be used.

Existence of sufficient population and assessable property so that each unit could function economically.

Consideration of the necessity of the administrative centre.

Government of the units would be much the same as the government of the present municipal districts. There would be a council of six or eight elected from six or eight wards or electoral divisions established in the enlarged municipal area, with the possible chance of having the reserve or chairman of council elected at large, rather than by appointment from the membership of the council as at present.

Premier Brownlee in discussing the new plan, pointed out that the development is a logical one, in view not only of the urgent necessity of reducing the general cost of government

Wedding WRAY SPARKS

A pretty wedding was solemnized at the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. Sparks of Arneson, on Friday afternoon, June 17th, when their daughter, Miss Violet May Sparks became the bride of Mr. Charles Henry Wray, Jr., of Alaska. Rev. Geo. A. Shields performed the marriage ceremony. We wish them much happiness.

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Castle Coombe

Public worship will be conducted at: Wainfield, 11 a.m. Mayfield, 3 p.m. Mr. Brooks, United Church Student.

wherever justified, but also in view of the fact that with the vastly improved facilities of transportation and communication of the present day, enlarged areas are more easily administered than were the smaller units under the conditions which existed when the present system was created.

One of the great benefits of the scheme would be the large economy in the cost of administration, both provincial and municipal, already referred to.

Other advantages of the plan would be:

A greater equalization of the tax burden.

A more uniform and more equitable assessment of the lands in the area, since the judgement of the assessor would be applied over a very much larger area.

More uniform school levies, and a saving in the administrative costs of education.

A more co-ordinated system of road building, the enlargement of the municipal area making it possible to bring the roads into alignment with those of other districts and with the general provincial highway plan.

St. Mary the Virgin (Anglican Church)

Fifth Sunday after Trinity. 10 a.m. Sunday School. 7.30 p.m. Evensong and Sermon.

Anisfield School, morning service, 11.30 a.m. Barstall, afternoon service, 3.30 p.m.

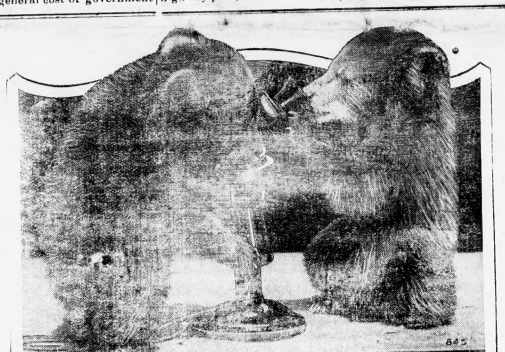
Rev. J. P. Horne.

Social Plains announce the holding of their picnic on Thursday, June 30, at 1 p.m.

Mr. and Mrs. T. Veitch, of California, were in town overnight this week, they stated that conditions are poor in California, with a considerable amount of unemployment.

An electrical storm with but little rain, passed over town on Wednesday night, and helped to cool off the atmosphere.

The plan, if adopted, would present, also, the opportunity for a review of the whole field of taxation as between the municipalities and the government. The possibility is suggested that the provincial government would abandon the field of real property taxation, leaving that to the jurisdiction of municipal councils, urban as well as rural.



The two 8-week old Eastern Canadian black bear cubs seen above were born on the Wedgwood Hunting and Fishing Club grounds at Bisset, P.E.I. They arrived in Montreal accompanied by Arthur Beaumont, well known sportsman. They've been called Michael and Mary. As shown by the photograph, and photographs cannot be, these two babies look very advance of their first introduction to civilization. They are being fed on thinned milk since their capture, but sugar is also a favorite article of diet. The cubs were brought to Montreal by Canadian Pacific Express and went on to New York from the Windsor Station.

JOB PRINTING

Visiting Cards, Business Cards Letterheads, Statements, Envelopes, Posters, Auction Sale Posters and Commercial Printing.

Give your next order to the local printers.

THE EMPRESS EXPRESS



The Corner Confectionery and Grocery Store

Call in and let us have your trial order, and be convinced that the Prices are Right and the Goods are of the Highest Quality

We will give you our Best Service and Appreciate Your Custom.

Do You Enjoy Good Candies

Treat yourself and her to some of our Delicious Sweetmeats. None better in town, and we have the very finest assortment. Our trade volume assures you of the Freshest and Choicest Candies. Let us serve you.

EMPRESS DRUG CO., Ltd.

We are agents for leading nurseries. Cut Flowers ordered on shortest possible notice.

The 40th Anniversary of

"SALADA" TEA

For 40 years SALADA has given the finest quality in tea. Present prices are the lowest in 15 years.

Cellophane.

Notwithstanding the present state of financial and economic uncertainty prevailing throughout the world, resulting, as it does, in huge business losses, unemployment, and much suffering, which, in turn, leads to general disorganization, the fact remains that the world continues to progress, and when we overcome our present difficulties, and proceed to profit by the lessons of this experience through which we are now passing, the world will be a better place than ever before.

The work of the scientists proceeds apace. Important discoveries which will have a far-reaching effect throughout the years to come are being made. New inventions are developed, and brought to a high state of efficiency. — all of which will add to the sum total of human comfort, convenience and prosperity in future years.

Let us take just one example, and it is one in which Canada should be especially interested and from which it will unquestionably largely benefit. Canada enjoys vast forest wealth. It is one of the richest countries in the world in this respect. For many years the forests of Canada were looked upon as yielding wealth in only one form, namely, lumber. And even in this crude form billions of wealth were produced. Later, the value of our forests as a source of supply for the making of pulp, out of which paper is manufactured, came to be realized, and inasmuch as there are great rivers and waterfalls adequate to our great needs, Canada in a few short years became one of the largest manufacturers of newsprint paper in the world, and is today the largest exporter of that everyday article of use.

Scientists men kept on working, and now the spruce trees of Canada not only supply us with lumber, and the countries of the world with paper, but from these same trees come rayon silk, now manufactured in such quantities that silk hosiery, silk underwear, silk blouses, and many other articles of wearing apparel are worn by the masses of the people, instead of being a luxury only for the rich.

Nowadays when you buy a cigar you find it wrapped up in a little bundle all its own. In a smelly, smoky, transparent, and clear, which is both moisture and dust proof. Candies, cakes, razor blades, cosmetics, articles of clothing, fruits and spices, in a word, almost everything where it is vitally important that the article should be kept clean, fresh and sanitary, comes to you wrapped in paper by the masses of the people, instead of being a luxury only for the rich.

And what is cellophane, which has almost over night come into such general use? It is the old spruce tree in a new form. In fact, cellophane and rayon silk is one and the same thing, the only difference resulting from the methods of manufacture. The magazine of Canadian Industries Limited, manufacturers of both rayon and cellophane, explains, as follows:

"Basically, cellophane is the same as artificial silk differing from it only in the form it takes when it reaches the casting stage, where cellophane is cast in a sheet while the silk takes the shape of fine threads.

Not only is cellophane light in weight, sanitary in that it is dust proof and moisture proof, and is produced in a new use, but it is also clear, so wrapped, and thus becomes a sales agent. Tests have demonstrated that articles and products cellophane-wrapped command a much larger sale than the same article without so wrapped.

The use of cellophane is still in its infancy, but Canadian Industries Limited have such faith in it that they have just erected a million and a quarter dollar cellophane plant in the Province of Quebec. Women's hosiery are now made of braided, colored cellophane, and one new use of the article, which we know the future hold? Will be developed, goes gradually to replace glass in windows? Will it be developed so that we can write on it with indelible inks and thus enable us to preserve records far beyond the life of ordinary paper? Who can tell? But without a doubt it will be used for many purposes at present unknown to us.

Thus does the world progress, even during times when seeming times are "slipping backward." There are always reasons for encouragement and confidence if we take the trouble to look. Cellophane is but an illustration, but in itself it means an entirely new industry, putting to more profitable use one of Canada's great natural resources.

Wanted To Be a Lifeguard

So the Prince Of Wales Sent a Real Uniform To London.

Peter Garvie, a little boy in a London hospital, who wanted to be a lifeguard, was told by a nurse, as he was having several stitches taken out of a wound, that "lifeguards don't cry."

"Perhaps if you won't cry the Prince of Wales will make you one of his lifeguards," she said. "The prince visited the hospital a few days later and the little fellow told him that he wanted to be a lifeguard. The nurse told the prince how brave the boy had been.

Two days later, a little lifeguard uniform, complete in every detail, was sent to Peter Garvie with a card: "From the Prince of Wales."

Altar For St. Patrick

On a high hill within a mile of the spot where St. Patrick is said to have landed in 1500 years ago, Ireland is to erect a great open-air altar. The altar will cost £100,000. The money is being raised among villagers. The first sod was turned on St. Patrick's day during the celebrations of the 15th century.

Sharp Pains In His Heart Nerves In Bad Condition

Mr. Peter Garvie, 11, of Thomas Station, N.E. writes:—"I have been having sharp pains in my heart. I would like to see a doctor, but I don't want to go down when I am working in the woods. I had a pain in my heart when I was in bed at night."

Mr. Garvie was also in a very bad condition, but after using two boxes of Milburn's Heart Pills, he felt just fine, and an fourteen pounds heavier than he has been for years."

Price 50c a box

Sold at all drug and general stores, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Ltd., London, England.

Mountain Pilgrimage

Yearly Pilgrimage To Shrine Of St. Patrick On West Coast Of Ireland

Perhaps the most unusual of all pilgrimages is that made annually to the mountain-top shrine of St. Patrick on the high, bare, cone-shaped mountain which bears his name, and which overlooks Clew Bay, County Mayo, on the west coast of Ireland.

Additional interest is lent to the pilgrimage this year because the celebration of the arrival of St. Patrick in Ireland.

The pilgrimage is made yearly by many Canadians and Americans—so many in fact that the Cunard Line for several seasons has devoted a special sailing to this purpose, the ship calling at Galway, a short distance from Westport, the starting point for the gruelling, rocky climb up the mountain, long known as Croagh Patrick, where the peak stands 2,510 feet above the level of the sea.

According to tradition it was from this mountain that St. Patrick drove the serpents from Ireland into the sea, never to return.

The pilgrimage up the side of the holy mountain, where St. Patrick spent the forty days of Lent in penance, fasting and prayer, 1500 years ago, begins on Saturday evening any time between six o'clock and midnight, daylight lasting close up to the time. Young people make the ascent in three hours or less, while the old people take more time, resting frequently during the journey. Torch-lights are carried by many to light the way, and guard against precipitous falls. Often the crowd breaks into a hymn to make the walking easier or to help them to forget the difficulties. There is still a story that for the climb up the last two hundred yards before reaching the top, the pilgrims remove their shoes and finish the journey barefooted. Many of the more religious make the entire climb without foot protection.

St. Patrick was seventy years old when he first climbed the mountain. He was a pilgrim of the same age makes the journey, taking a keen pride in this initiation of a part of the rigid Lenten penance of the patron saint of Ireland. There is still a thrill for them in kneeling where St. Patrick knelt fifteen centuries ago.

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By six o'clock in the morning the half-acre summit of the mountain is crowded with thousands of articles of clothing, and so on. The old people, especially the protected side, should a chill wind be blowing. The masses begin to climb, and continue to be re-joined until noon. As a rule about thirty parties celebrate the service in the oratory or little church, that sits on the summit of the mountain. As many as six thousand receive communion.

Although the climb up Croagh Patrick is considered the most strenuous pilgrimage in the world, it is generally agreed that the view from the top is so superb that the visitor, as well as the pilgrim, feels that the journey is well worth the effort.

Wise travelers who know the virtues of Mother Gray's Kidney Expectorant for always have it at hand, because it proves its value.

Might Be Harder

The job of being wife to a genius is not an easy one, writes the rejoinder of a notable victim to a gushing young thing who gurgled:

"It must be a wonderful to be the wife of a genius."

"Well," said the wife, "he's just as hard to get along with as any other married fellow."

Would Be Great Boon

A French engineer and a French line announce the development of a new and improved type of gasoline which has among its advantages the ability to remain non-inflammable at a temperature of about 100 degrees Fahrenheit.

A street car terminal, connected with the train level by an escalator, is to be constructed under the ground floor of the new central railway station in Milan, Italy.

The bulk of the world's shipments of canned crab meat come from Kamchatka.

AS SLIM AS AT 20

Still Fit and Active at 55

"I have been taking the small dose of Kruschen Salts every morning for the last three years, and I have not without them in the house. I used to suffer with constipation and piles, but never troubled by them since I was 20. I have to work very hard, as I have my family and an invalid father-in-law to look after. I have been taking Kruschen that keeps me fit."—M. S. "There's nothing the hard work does to me. After you have had your daily supply of Kruschen every morning for a couple of weeks you'll get what is known the world over as 'That Kruschen Feeling'."

The urge for activity will fill your entire being—you'll not be content to sit in the old chair after your day's work is done. You'll feel the spirit of youth in you—and what a joyous feeling—you'll feel the world at your feet, and you'll want to be a hand-slip—it will become a pleasure.

Service Is Swift

Efficient Operators In Charge Of London's Overseas Telephone Exchange

"London's Overseas Telephone Exchange, recently opened, is a veritable 'switchboard' in a modern setting for here telephone conversations are routed for the United States, Latin America, India, Japan, South Africa, New Zealand, Burma, and ships at sea all hours of the day or night. There are one hundred and fifty operators, speaking French, German, Spanish and Italian, in addition to their native tongue, as the calls come in from the boards. The service is so swift that it is possible for one in London to speak, within an hour, with persons as far away as Buenos Aires, Rio de Janeiro, Buenos Aires, New York or Tokyo."

New Industry For Canada

Plant For Production Of Cellophane Operating In Quebec

Canadian materials and Canadian labor are employed in an industry new to Canada at the Canadian Industries Limited cellophane plant which recently commenced production at Shawinigan Falls, Quebec.

Sulphite pulp from Canadian forests forms the basic raw material for the manufacture of the transparent wrapping substance now being made at the first time in Canada. Hitherto all the cellophane used in the Dominion has been imported.

The new plant, built by Canadian workers through the aid of the Department of the Interior, in the North West Territories, Canada, has been extended by taking in all islands and the entire coastline of the north of the districts of Mackenzie and Keewatin, with the exception of a part of Keewatin, which is a large area now known as the Arctic Islands.

It embraces a land area of 439,105 square miles. The area of the wild life preserves set aside for the benefit of nature by the Department of the Interior, in the North West Territories, Canada, has been extended by taking in all islands and the entire coastline of the north of the districts of Mackenzie and Keewatin, with the exception of a part of Keewatin, which is a large area now known as the Arctic Islands.

Miller's Worm Powders are the medicine for children who are found suffering from the ravages of worms. They immediately alter the stomachic conditions under which the worms subsist and drive them from the system, and at the same time, they are tonic in their effect upon the digestive organs, restoring them to healthy operation and ensuring immunity from further disorders of such a cause.

Caller—"Wouldn't you walk as far as the street car with me, Tommy?" Joe—"Why not?"

"Cause we're going to have dinner as soon as you go."

Granular carbon made from coal gives to the telephone its voice. The granular carbon is used in the transmitter to electrical waves in the transmitter. The medium-vapor bulb produces the most efficient light known for commercial use.

Skin Loveliness

Easy to Have. Famous Vegetable Pills Better Than Creams

Miss E. T. has proved it. She says: "Carer's Little Live Pills will do more for my skin than any cream I have used." PURELY VEGETABLE, a gentle, effective tonic to both liver and bowels. Carer's Little Live Pills are without equal for correcting skin diseases. Acidity, Bileuritis, Headache and Indigestion. 25c & 50c Tins. Write for literature. Ask for Carer's by NAME.

W. N. H. 1944

Empire Tribunal

For Settlement Of Disputes Between Member Units Of Empire

Call of establishment of a tribunal for settlement of justifiable and non-political disputes between member units of the British Commonwealth of Nations, was sounded by Dr. J. B. MacKay, of Dalhousie University, before the Canadian Political Association at Toronto.

Another speaker, Hon. N. W. Rowell, K.C., recognized authority on constitutional matters, took issue with an expressed view that establishment of such a permanent empire tribunal was blocked by lack of sufficient sovereignty as between themselves.

Prof. MacKay contended that under technicalities of international law the Dominions did not have separate sovereignty as between themselves, though they might be conceded such a status as between one of them and the foreign country outside the Empire. Under existing conditions, he said, Canada could lead Germany before the Hague court of international law.

There is a dispute, but no controversy with Ireland or Australia would have to depend on the "dubious authority" the private opinion of a sufficiently deep powers of an arbitral tribunal.

Mr. Rowell argued that various everywhere conference of the statute of Westminster had demonstrated the power of the crown was divided and would be delegated to subordinate members of the British Commonwealth.

Not Looking For War

Nations Of Europe Are No More Aggressive

William Hard, of New York, political correspondent for the National Broadcasting Company, returned from Italy on the "Roma." He was present at the disarmament conference in Geneva and said the present conference means the high mark has been reached in armament and henceforth there will be reductions.

"There is no prospect of a war in Europe," he said. "Instead we find a remarkable situation, where every nation anticipates invasion, with no one ready to invade. Everywhere there are defenders but no aggressors. That is the situation. It is a danger. When the European nations come to realize there is no danger, they will automatically disarm."

Mr. Hard found that the League of Nations is working strenuously for reduction in armaments. He said that when the barriers are removed, world trade will be restored.

"Europe is not in a bottomless pit," Mr. Hard said. "She will come out and I found great courage and confidence in France, England and Italy. It is a spirit too little known in this country."

"As for Italy, the spirit of nationalism there has been replaced by that of internationalism. Italy has emerged through the Hitlerite stage. Young movements are always radical and frequently errant."

The Many-Purpose Oil—Both in the house and stable there are scores of uses for Mr. Thomas' kerosene oil. Use it for cars, buses, boats, stoves, lamps, and for everything else. It is the most efficient, clean, and safe. It is the most efficient, clean, and safe. It is the most efficient, clean, and safe.

Farmer Speeded To Keep Pigs From Losing Weight

Warren Atter, a Tiro farmer, was speeding to keep his pigs from losing weight, he told Trial Judge Joseph P. Smith, at Cleveland, Ohio.

"I was driving," he said, "when I reached Cleveland and I was driving to Cleveland and I was driving to Cleveland."

Next he's wondering if the shrinkage would have amounted to more than his \$5 fine.

Bankt Park Set Aside In 1885

Bankt National Park in the province of Alberta is the oldest of the Dominion playgrounds, the original reservation having been set aside in 1885.

It comprises an area of 2,585 square miles of territory. Bankt National Park is the oldest of the Dominion playgrounds, the original reservation having been set aside in 1885.

Despite progress in attacking tuberculosis, this disease still ranks as the third cause of death among industrial wage earners in Canada, and the United States.

Cultivation of begonias is traced back to 1777, when some of these plants were introduced into England from Jamaica.

BABY'S OWN SOAP

best for baby

For You

ZIG-ZAG CIGARETTE PAPERS

Large enough to make 120 LEAVES

5c

To Meet In Edinburgh

Sixteen Canadian University Women Will Attend Conference

Sixteen Canadian university women will journey to Edinburgh, Scotland, for the sixth triennial conference of the International Federation of University Women, to be held from July 27 to August 4. It was announced at headquarters of the Canadian Federation of University Women.

They are: Mrs. Douglas J. Thom, Regina, Sask., president of the Canadian Federation; Miss Lillian C. Scott, Toronto, convener of the Canadian committee on international relations; Miss Helen P. McEwen, Miss W. O. Burnard, Miss A. W. Patterson, Miss Gertrude Boyd, Miss Jessie Dykes and Miss Bertha Hamilton, all of the University of Toronto.

Representatives of 36 national federations are expected to attend. The international federation comprises about 50,000 individual members and is pledged to promote international goodwill through study of national and international problems and advancing the opportunities of women.

Speeches After Operation Invented By Man Left

Left speeches as the result of an operation some years ago, Dr. J. B. Rogart of New York, addressed the American Medical Association through an instrument which provides a substitute for the human voice. It is a curved tube-like appliance, one of which is held against the throat, the other held lightly in the mouth. A small tube leads to a box held in the hand. It is from the box that the sound issues. He told the association he had invented it himself after his vocal cords had been removed in an operation for cancer. Dr. Rogart, who is a native of Nova Scotia, practices surgery in New York.

The Man With Asthma, almost longs for death to end his suffering. He sees almost only years of endless torment with intervals of rest which are themselves fraught with never ceasing fear of renewed attacks. Let him turn to Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy and know what complete relief he can expect. He has been cured faithfully and he will find his asthma cured.

Lady (to hotel acquaintance): A terrible thing has happened. I've had a lot of clothes stolen. Acquaintance: The Jove, just. Nearly all of 'em, what?

Excuse Was Original

Farmer Speeded To Keep Pigs From Losing Weight

Warren Atter, a Tiro farmer, was speeding to keep his pigs from losing weight, he told Trial Judge Joseph P. Smith, at Cleveland, Ohio.

"I was driving," he said, "when I reached Cleveland and I was driving to Cleveland and I was driving to Cleveland."

Next he's wondering if the shrinkage would have amounted to more than his \$5 fine.

Bankt Park Set Aside In 1885

Bankt National Park in the province of Alberta is the oldest of the Dominion playgrounds, the original reservation having been set aside in 1885.

It comprises an area of 2,585 square miles of territory. Bankt National Park is the oldest of the Dominion playgrounds, the original reservation having been set aside in 1885.

Despite progress in attacking tuberculosis, this disease still ranks as the third cause of death among industrial wage earners in Canada, and the United States.

Cultivation of begonias is traced back to 1777, when some of these plants were introduced into England from Jamaica.

DR. HAMILTON'S PILLS

HEADACHE INDIGESTION BILIOUSNESS CONSTIPATION

Conservative Candidate Wins In West York, Ontario, By-Election

Toronto, Ont.—Following one of the closest campaigns the riding has seen in many years, Harry I. Price, Conservative, was elected to represent the riding of West York in the Ontario legislature Saturday, May 28, polling a majority of 977 votes over W. J. Gardhouse, Liberal, J. W. Buckley, Labor, candidate, furnished the surprise of the by-election when he rolled up 3,569 votes. Only 100 were cast for the fourth candidate, J. M. Reid, Labor-Socialist.

The previous Conservative majority was greatly reduced. In the general election of 1929, Dr. Forke Godfrey, Minister of Health, through whose death the vacancy was created, had registered 4,290 votes against 4,411 for his only opponent, W. A. Edwards, in a straight Liberal-Conservative fight.

With two polls to be heard from the figures are:

Price, Conservative 5,863
Gardhouse, Liberal 5,886
Buckley, Labor 3,569
Reid, Social-Labor 100

The election was regarded as of vast importance to the government. Premier Geo. S. Henry appeared to the electorate for endorsement and vindication of his government. The premier was in fighting form on the hustings and practically stated his cabinet's existence on a government victory. Mitchell P. Hepburn, M.P., Ontario Liberal leader, had insisted that result must be a general election if the government lost.

Both Mr. Henry and Mr. Hepburn issued statements Sunday. Mr. Henry's victory was very gratifying to the government according to the premier, while to the Progressive Liberals the fact the government majority was cut down to such a great extent proved the government was "amazingly unpopular."

The result of the election leaves the standing in the House as follows:

Conservative 88, Liberal 15, Progressive 5, Independent Conservative 2, United Farmers of Ontario 1, Labor 1—Total 112.

Radio Commission

Chairman To Receive Salary Of \$10,000 Per Year

Ottawa, Ont.—The chairman of the Canadian radio broadcasting commission will receive a salary of \$10,000 per year, and the two commissioners \$8,000 each, according to the provisions of the act respecting radio broadcasting which passed final stages in the House of Commons. The bill, which the report of the committee on radio, provides the machinery for the nationalization of radio broadcasting in Canada which will be operated under a system of public ownership.

Ocean Rates Increased

Montreal, Que.—New rates for all trans-Atlantic liners are now effective. The third class rates are increased 10 per cent, and the tourist by five per cent. An exception is made in the case of third class travel in the westward direction, this price remaining practically unchanged.

The Real Reason

Amelia Earhart Wanted To Demonstrate Capability Of Women Pilots

London, England.—The real reason Mrs. Amelia Earhart put down the Atlantic alone was to stop all those many things men say about women aeroplane pilots and women automobile drivers.

She herself revealed this while enjoying the utmost an enthusiastic reception accorded by London to her as the first woman ever to make a solo flight across the Atlantic.

"When there is a traffic jam on Fifth Avenue, men always comment, 'Oh, it's a woman driving,'" Mrs. Putnam said.

"And I have gone up in the air with a mechanic who didn't know the controls from an altimeter, and when I came down I heard people say he did most of the flying."

"So I determined to show them. Outside of demonstrating that a woman can fly the Atlantic alone, I don't see that I have added anything to the science of aviation or anything else."

Air Travel Via Canada

Route Planned For Service Between U.S. and Europe

Rugby, N.D.—Daily commercial air travel between the United States and Europe over a Canadian route is less than three years away, says Judge Gunderman Grimsen of Toronto, who has been received from England, where he carried on negotiations for air line interests which he said comprise 48-hour flights between Detroit and Copenhagen, Denmark.

Next year, he said, it is planned to build bases, stage experimental flights to Greenland, the north of Canada, and make other preparations along the line. In the third year he hopes regular flying may be started. Pan-American Airways, Inc., and the Trans-Atlantic Air Lines Corporation, for whom the judge obtained the permission, plan to begin trial flights next year, he said.

Next Session Of Parliament

No Decision Has Yet Been Reached In Respect To Date, Says Premier

Ottawa, Ont.—No decision has yet been reached in respect to calling a fall session of parliament. Premier R. B. Bennett stated in the House of Commons in answer to a question by Rt. Hon. Mackenzie King, Opposition leader, that the Imperial Commonwealth Conference had taken place, it was difficult to reach a decision, he said. He would endeavour to announce the opening date of the next session as soon as possible before parliament would meet, in order to give members ample notice.

B.C. Vegetables

Expect Sales To The Prairies Will Be Doubled This Year

Victoria, B.C.—British Columbia sales of vegetables to the prairies will be doubled this year, it was anticipated in an address at the Department of Agriculture here.

At Armstrong, four packing houses handling the most modern machinery for packing and washing their vegetables for prairie shipment. All cars will be government-inspected, and an all-round general improvement in production, packing and shipping facilities as well as sales organization is noted.

DOMINION'S SECRETARY ATTENDS OLYMPIC TRIALS

The Right Hon. J. H. Thomas, Secretary of State for the Dominions, has given the winners of the National Cyclist Union Olympic trials at Herne Hill. Standing beside him are the members of the party team, his constituency (left) to J. Torry, F. H. Wylde and P. Wylde. All are considered possible representatives for England in the Olympic Games at Los Angeles this summer.

WANTED—A THIRONE!



Known as the most persistent agdom hunter on record, Abbas Himm, former Khedive of Egypt, has indicated from his exile near Paris, France, that he is willing to take on any job in the kinging line. He is 58 years old and held his last job until Great Britain deposed him in 1914. He is negotiating to become ruler of Syria when the French Government releases its mandate.

To Aid Agriculture

Preference For Western Agricultural Products Is Necessary

Calgary, Alberta.—Necessity for preference being given western agricultural products through channels to be decided at the forthcoming Imperial Economic Conference at Ottawa in July, was emphasized in a memorandum issued by the Calgary Board of Trade. The memorandum was prepared by the board at the request of the Canadian Chamber of Commerce and will be forwarded to the chamber Governor-General and Premier J. Brownlee of Alberta.

Through all discussions at the conference, the Calgary board suggested, the welfare of Canadian agriculture should be the upmost thought. As exports to be considered, the memorandum suggested wheat, other grains, livestock and similar farm products.

Woman Aviator Honored

Mrs. Putnam Receives Congratulations From British Royalty

Washington.—The U.S. senate passed a bill to authorize President Hoover to award the distinguished flying cross to Amelia Earhart Putnam, for her trans-Atlantic solo flight.

London, England.—The king and queen sent a message of congratulation to Mrs. Amelia Earhart Putnam on her trans-Atlantic flight from Harbor Grace, Nfld., to Ireland. Miss Earhart said the real reason she crossed the Atlantic alone was to "show the men" women could do things as well as they.

Queen Celebrates Birthday

London, England.—Queen Mary celebrated her 65th birthday on May 26, quietly at Buckingham Palace with a luncheon attended by members of the royal family. Servants at the palace drank the queen's health in champagne provided by the king. Queen Mary's 65th birthday was celebrated at the Royal Naval Park. Ships of the Royal Navy throughout the world were dressed up for the occasion.

Predicts A Complete Economic Collapse In Europe To Come Soon

Taken From Parents

One Hundred and Forty-One Dookhobor Children To Be Placed In Homes

Nelson, B.C.—One hundred and forty-one Dookhobor children of all ages were sent to the coast to be placed in various homes in Vancouver and Victoria while their parents are serving three-year prison terms for participating in nude demonstrations at Thurston recently. One hundred and six were taken from the jail here, and six from 30 more were picked up at Boundary Falls. These latter are children of the Dookhobors who demonstrated in the nude at Grand Forks a few weeks ago.

Wards of the government, the children appeared in a happy mood when they left here in two special coaches attached to the westbound train. There was a demonstration at the jail an hour before they left when they were taken from their parents, but no trouble. Early in the day the fathers and mothers were informed that their children would be removed, and many tears were shed, farewells said, the parents feeling keenly the departure of their youngsters.

Thousands Greet Airliner

DO-X Reaches Germany Safely After Trans-Atlantic Journey

Berlin, Germany.—The German flying boat, "DO-X," largest, heaviest, and fastest, completed its trans-Atlantic travels with a mad sprint through storm areas over northern Germany, alighting at Mungel Lake, on the outskirts of Berlin, without incident.

Thousands gathered along the wooded lake shores in the south-eastern environs of Berlin cheered wildly when the airliner appeared against the evening sky to complete a voyage of approximately 16,000 miles, in which it visited both North and North America, as well as Africa. The huge seaplane described a circle around the lake and alighted as easily as a feather, while roars of approval from surrounding spectators broke out at each description.

Will Be Candidate

Former Premier Lang To Seek Re-election In New South Wales

Sydney, New South Wales.—Undeterred by his dismissal from office about two weeks ago by executive authority of Governor-General Philip Gaze, former Premier J. T. Lang will seek re-election to the New South Wales House of Assembly in the general elections which take place June 11.

Along with 301 other candidates, Mr. Lang is contesting the constituency of Auburn, which he has represented in the House for 12 years.

Session At Ottawa Brought To A Close With Fitting Ceremony

For a stricken world, its language from beginning to end was couched in optimistic phrases.

The commons prevailed a few minutes before the time set for the opening of the session to a statement by Hon. Charles H. Cahan, secretary of state, on war reparations.

Three or four knocks on the door heralded the approach of the gentleman in the black rod, official intermediary between the two houses of parliament. The state secretary was in the middle of a sentence but the sound of the king could not be kept waiting. Mr. Cahan closed off his statement, black rod was admitted—a carefully guarded prerogative—and the common "speaker" to appear in the senate chamber.

Ceremonies in the Upper House were brief. After reading the throne speech, the chief justice and his escort of officers trooped from the chamber. The guests bowed. The travelling detachment from the queen's Louise Dragon Guards escorted the chief justice toward the city. Members and senators bid each other adieu and dashed for taxis and trains. The session was over.

London, England.—"We are likely to have a complete economic collapse in Europe within the next few months and be shortly faced with a grave situation than that of the United States at the present time," said L. S. Amery, member of the House of Commons and former Secretary of State for Dominions, addressing the Conservative Association of Oxford University.

The world monetary system could not be rebuilt for a long time to come, Mr. Amery said. He doubted if much could be expected from the Lausanne Conference on reparations and inter-governmental debts. Even if all war debts were repaid, the conference, the relief would be only temporary. Such an eventuality was unlikely Mr. Amery said, as he could not conceive of France granting anything to Germany, "which might at any time come under the military dictatorship of Germany."

The United States could improve the world situation, Mr. Amery continued, if it changed its fiscal policy, become more liberal in its loans and experienced an adverse balance of trade for some time. It was his opinion that the United States was disinclined to lend money anywhere outside the British Empire.

The only step which would meet the emergency was to create a central bank, which would be stabilization of a British sterling system. That question Mr. Amery thought would certainly be discussed at the Ottawa conference.

The ideal solution, he said, would be the creation of a new central bank. He regarded that speculation, however, was "a long way ahead in the future."

Luxury Sales Tax Restored

U.S. Senate Finance Committee Trying To Balance Budget

Washington.—Luxury sales taxes were restored to the \$1,000,000,000 revenue bill by the U.S. Senate Finance Committee in its search for funds to balance the budget. Among other levies a sales tax of 10 per cent, was voted for candy and a 10 per cent. levy was put on sporting goods, refrigerators, cameras and firearms, with aerial cameras exempted. Theatre admission tax exemptions were raised to 30 cents from 10 cents.

The estimated yield from the various excise taxes approved by the committee was \$500,000,000.

Railway Report Delayed

Ottawa, Ont.—The report of the royal commission on railway control will not be completed for several months yet, the Prime Minister told the House of Commons in answer to a question by Mr. Bennett. Whether it will be made public before being submitted to parliament was a matter that would still have to be decided, Mr. Bennett added.

Three Liberals Are To Be Taken Into Manitoba Cabinet

Winnipeg, Man.—Three Liberals are to be taken into the government's pre-war cabinet, Premier John Bracken announced. The new ministers will be E. A. McPherson, J. S. McEldermott and Dr. Murdoch MacKay.

Mr. McPherson, former member of the House of Commons, will enter the Liberal-Progressive cabinet as provincial treasurer, taking over this position from Premier Bracken. Mr. McEldermott, a member of parliament for Winnipeg South Centre, Mr. MacKay will become minister of natural resources and industry, and Dr. MacKay, leader of the Liberal Party in Manitoba, will be minister without portfolio.

In making room for the three Liberals, Premier Bracken shuffled his cabinet without releasing a single minister. Hon. Albert Prefontaine resigned as minister of education and remains in the government as minister

without portfolio and Hon. D. G. MacKay, minister of mines and technical resources, is transferred from that department to the one vacated by Mr. Prefontaine.

Announcement of the cabinet reorganization was made following Mr. Bracken's key-note election speech here. In his address he stoutly defended the record of his government, under assault when Lieut-Col. F. G. Taylor, Conservative leader, opened his campaign.

"The economy plan of the Conservatives," the premier said, "was paid at present more than it was paying at present under Liberal-Progressive rule."

"Hail the plans promise greater expenditures," he said, "the Conservative plan." "Where the money for all those proposals will be found is a secret known only to those spendthrifts and taxless experts in the Conservative Party."

Seems Like Strange Plan

Many Men in Public Offices Have No Training For Work

We have read in a number of papers that we are over-governed, the contention is that there are too many people working at it, and that they are inclined to agree.

And yet there is something more amazing than that: How little schooling or preparation there is for those who undertake to do the governing.

Look at it this way: A young man decides that he will become a printer, and to that end he is apprenticed to his trade. There he spends a term of five years learning the business. There are many things he must know before he is considered competent, and not until he has finished his time and passed his examinations is he considered competent to hold a position. We pursue the same plan in a good many other lines of business. There must be that period of training and it is necessary.

We have nothing like that in the way of preparing men for public life. A man may be a farmer, an editor, a lawyer, a merchant, a manufacturer, and he is asked to become a candidate for the House of Commons or the Legislature. He does so and is elected.

Then it is that he is face to face with the problem of taxation, of the scientific application of tariffs, of passing opinions on trade treaties with other lands. There has been very little in his former experience which fits him to act as an expert in such matters. He has never served his apprenticeship. He really cannot tell how to apply taxation with effect, confronted with the law of diminishing returns; in a general way he understands tariffs, but he is probably just a high-tariff or a low-tariff man according to the policy of his party. He may bend himself industriously to a study of all these affairs, and yet there is always the possibility that at the next election he will go out and not return. His place may be taken by another, also an untrained man, and the serious business of government. And yet our whole system of government is based on using untrained men, and the wonder is that we get along as well as we do.—Stratford Beacon-Herald.

German Method Modern

Railroads Have Quick Way Of Fungicide Coaches

The Germans, always learning a new and better way of doing a task, have adapted a modern method of killing germs in railway coaches. In other days the interiors of coaches were scrubbed with soap and water and ammonia, and then fumigated for a long period with sulphur gas or some other similar germ killing vapor. But now the German railroads do the job more scientifically and in much less time. At several places along their main lines, the German officials have had installed airtight chambers into which cars can be switched. When the coaches are inside, the openings are sealed and poison gas admitted to the chambers. The gas kills all germs and the cars are switched out and turned over to the scrubmen who complete the job of renovating. The whole process requires only a few minutes.

Had Wonderful Time

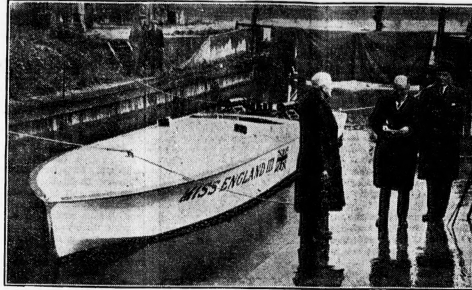
A woman arriving at a tea the other day from her club meeting was being queried about what took place. "Well," she said, "there was record attendance, but I don't know how many were there. There was a lovely programme, but I can't remember the names of the singer or what the sang. And somebody spoke about the government, but you know, you hear these speeches and you're thrilled at the moment but they leave you." "But you had a good time." "Oh, lovely."

The Canadian Bureau of Statistics estimates the gross agricultural wealth of Canada for 1931 at \$6,768,635,000.

"These Louis XV. shoes are rather light, show me some Louis XVI."—*Le Travail, Rome.*

W. N. U. 1944

LORD WAKEFIELD ACCEPTS DELIVERY OF MISS ENGLAND III.



The new wonder speedster, Miss England III, is shown during the ceremony of being delivered to her own team, Lord Wakefield, at Hampton-on-Thames. Kaye Don, the famous British speedster pilot, will attempt to break the existing world record of 111 miles an hour sometime this month. Lord Wakefield can be seen reading a short address during the ceremony while Kaye Don (with hat on) listens.

Re-Charging a Gas Field

Turner Valley Surplus Gas Forces Back Under Own Pressure To Bow Island Field

The interesting experiment of re-charging an exhausted natural gas field is being carried out in Southern Alberta. For years the City of Calgary and other centres of population were supplied with natural gas from a field at Bow Island, Alberta. This field was exhausted but in the meantime a field of higher pressure, the Turner Valley came into production. The field is producing more natural gas than can be used and, to conserve it, a certain amount is being forced back under its own pressure into the Bow Island area. The extent to which the Bow Island field is being re-charged amounts to about 3,000,000 cubic feet per day.

Yet gas is found in the Turner Valley, a certain amount is being forced back under its own pressure into the Bow Island area. The extent to which the Bow Island field is being re-charged amounts to about 3,000,000 cubic feet per day. The gas is found in the Turner Valley, a certain amount is being forced back under its own pressure into the Bow Island area. The extent to which the Bow Island field is being re-charged amounts to about 3,000,000 cubic feet per day.

Pays Big Dividends

Poultry Has Played Large Part In National Life Of Canada

F. C. Elford, Dominion Poultry Husbandman, and an outstanding leader in poultry development in Canada, on a recent occasion observed that few people realize what a big part the hen has played in the national life of Canada. "There are many prominent Canadian business men today who would not be where they are if it had not been for the hen," he said. "The poultry provided the money for shoes, and slates and pencils, and were in fact responsible for the poultry raising, and I believe the prospects are still encouraging."

A School For Divers

Course Lasts A Year and Instruction Is Thorough

Italy has, at Spezia, the biggest school for divers in the world. The divers' course lasts a year, and the students have to undergo a test of two hours' work at a depth of 125 feet under water, wearing 15 lb. diving suits before they are passed out. While diving apparatus has been perfected during the last century, rudimentary forms of it were used as long as the time of Alexander the Great. An Englishman, Roger Bacon, is believed to have invented the original diving-bell about the middle of the thirteenth century. Divers have many perils to face, and instruction is given at the Italian diving-school in the difficult art of fighting sharks and other sea monsters.

New Way To Sell Potatoes

A recent market report from Toronto states that the Allison Branch of the Central Ontario Potato Growers' Marketing Association has sold a quantity of Canada fancy potatoes in 15-lb bags which retail at 18 cents each in Toronto. This is at the rate of 45 cents net on the basis of the standard 90-lb bag or considerably above prices obtainable in ordinary containers.—Economic Annalist.

Four Centuries Of Experience

Have Been More Valuable To England Than Wealth

England may not have the wealth. She has only two dollars of wealth for each dollar of debt as against Canada's six dollars of wealth for each dollar of debt, and "United States" fifteen dollars of wealth for each dollar of debt. But she has behind her something that none of the rest of the world has and that is years of experience and world leadership.

For centuries the best brains of England have gone into government. Just as the best brains in North America have gone into business. Somewhere between the two extremes probably lies the best middle course.

But England is pulling through. She is facing the music, making her sacrifices and coming out on top. The whole world wishes her well.—Vancouver Sun.

Eat Our Weight In Meat

Average Person Consumes Own Weight In Meat Each Month

Canadians consumed 148.46 lbs. of meat per person during 1931 in comparison to 145.64 lbs. per person in 1930. Increased in the consumption of pork, mutton and lamb were shown with a decrease in the consumption of beef. Consumption of poultry per person in Canada during 1931 was 110.14 lbs., an increase over the per capita consumption for the years 1929, 1928 and 1930. These figures show rather conclusively the general contention of experts that the normal healthy individual eats his own weight in food each month, and on this basis it would appear that meat supplies about one-twelfth of the necessary food for the human diet.—Department of Agriculture.

Made It Plain

Jones was recently sent by his employer, a wholesale newsagent, to collect an account from Smith, a retailer, notorious for his slowness in making payments.

After several vain attempts to obtain a settlement, Jones remarked, when at school, I myself do not know on what date I may expect payment."

"No," responded Jones. "Up to the present my firm has always regarded you as a loss."

Switzerland Imported \$1,008,561 worth of office appliances last year.

Employment Figures Show Shift Increase

According To Report Compiled For Labor and Commerce Department

A gradual diminution of unemployment is indicated by figures compiled for the Department of Trade and Commerce, Hon. H. H. Stevens stated to the House of Commons. Figures given before the political economic convention at Toronto, indicating that the number of unemployed in Canada is over 700,000, appear to be "very wide of the mark," the minister added.

Figures of industrial employment, compiled from returns of some 5,000 firms in Canada, indicated a gradual, though not very marked, increase. In December, 1931, the figure was 414,874, while in April of this year it had risen to 424,000. The index figure of employment also showed an advance.

The unemployment figures of the census, said Mr. Stevens, showed unemployment in towns and cities over 1000 at 288,574. This was taken in June, 1931.

Favor Canadian Cattle

British Importers Would Take Many Thousands From West

According to William R. Brown, of William Brown, Ltd., of Manchester and Bitterhead, the largest importer of Canadian cattle in the British Isles, his firm can take many thousands of Western cattle of the quality seen in the Leithbridge and Raymond district, during his visit through these regions. "Or 28,000 head of beef cattle imported last year," said Mr. Brown, "our firm bought over 11,000 head. We have been handling Canadian cattle for generations. We like them and would like to get more like those we have just seen." The British imports of these cattle might be quadrupled, he thought, if the proper rules are observed. Young stuff—800 pounds live weight are now chiefly in demand, as contrasted with the 1,200 and 1,600 pound animals of former years. Most of the cattle shipped from Canada so far this session have been on order from this company.

Taxpayers of Great Torrington, England, are being exhorted by the town clerk to pay up so that the borough may meet a debt due to the country.

A German chemist has succeeded in making a transparent aluminum.

The Mighty Apostrophe

Placing Of It Makes vast Difference In Meaning Of Word

There seems to be lack of uniformity as to whether the second Sunday in May is "Mother's Day" or "Moth-er's Day." Advertising matter had it both ways, and newspapers do not seem to agree on the point. It doesn't matter much anyway.

The rightful places of commas, full stops and apostrophes sometimes have tremendous results, and there is a time when the good people of the Free Kirk of Scotland were there in a tumult over the use of an apostrophe.

It was shortly after the objecting element of the Free Church of Scotland, better known as the "Wee Pres," having refused to join with the United Presbyterian Church of Scotland to form the United Free Church, took legal steps to obtain possession of the entire property of the original Free Church. The Scottish Court of Session decided against them, but they appealed to the House of Lords, which reversed the judgment and decided that the "Wee Pres," a mere handful of congregations, was entitled to church lands and property worth 1,000,000,000.

There was tremendous exultation among the "Wee Pres" at this victory, and the collection quoted one of their most distinguished ministers said: "It was the Lords' doing."

It never occurred to the reporters scribbling away for fear lest the question of an apostrophe would arise. But when they came to transcribe the notes they were vexed with the problem of whether the speaker meant it was "the Lords' doing" or "the Lords' doing." Did he mean the Lord, or the House of Lords?

Most of them agreed among themselves to make it "the Lords' doing" and the address went out to the world with that. A rumour developed when ministers on the other side read into the speaker practically claimed that the Lord was on the side of the "Wee Pres," against the Free Church and had said it a crippling blow. The speaker did not explain matters, so the probability was that he did mean it was the Lord's work. However, a year or two later the property was more equitably divided by a special Act of Parliament.

That, anyway, was partly the Lords' doing.—St. Thomas Times-Journal.

Exceeded Her Allowance

Restaurant Keeper Profited By Accepting Vacuum Cleaner For Meals

The wife of a retired naval commander dined for a week at a London restaurant, and paid her bill with a vacuum cleaner.

Her husband and the recently deceased decided to leave London and live in a cottage in the country where there is no electricity. Their electric vacuum cleaner consequently was useless. The manager of the restaurant where she is a patron listened to the story.

"Madame can dine here throughout the week in exchange for the cleaner, he said.

He dined night after night at the restaurant, and then an embarrassing discovery was made. The wife found her bill had at last exceeded the value of the cleaner.

The balance was paid in cash.

Alberta Sets New Butter Record Final figures of butter production in Alberta for 1931 amount to 22,697,922 pounds, which is more than 600,000 pounds above the previous highest year's record for the province. Closely associated with butter production is a movement inaugurated by the Federal and Provincial Departments of Agriculture to encourage farmers to enlarge their forage crop areas. Between 300 and 400 farmers in various parts of the province will this year participate in a movement to grow special plots of forage crops from selected seed with the object of increasing the amount of forage crop seed available in the province.

Butler: "May I marry your daughter?"

Stern Father: "What is your vocation?"

Butler: "I'm an actor."

Stern Father (angrily): "Then get out before the foot lights."

The Red Cross band of Luton, England, has been directed by the British war office to change its name to the Luton Band because, under the Geneva convention, the words "Red Cross" are restricted to army medical services.

The world's largest radio tube, made of iron and steel instead of glass, has been built for a radio station in laboratories at Manchester, England.

Great Bear Lake Pitchblende

Nationalization Of Radium Ore Is Advocated In Commons

Nationalization of radium ore in the Great Bear Lake district was advocated in the House of Commons recently. Members of the Progressive group pointed to the area as containing enough pitchblende to supply radium to the entire world and break the existing Belgian monopoly.

The government is fully aware of the value of the deposits after suffering humanity, said Hon. T. G. Murphy, Minister of the Interior. But, he added, "as to what method will be adopted to secure for Canada the benefit which is justly her due, I am not in a position to say. This matter is actively engaging the attention of the government and we are prepared to take all necessary steps to make radium available to the (cancer) sufferers of Canada at the lowest possible prices."

The pitchblende deposits are in the hands of private individuals who proceed, as the minister and the expert richness of the district has not been determined. It must be remembered, he proceeded, that prospectors have discovered the deposits, and under the laws of Canada they acquired certain rights. "Those rights," he added, "must be respected."

In introducing the question, H. N. Campbell (Pro. MacKenzie), quoted the Ontario cancer commission as reporting the radium supply of Canada to be totally inadequate. World prices fluctuate about the \$70,000 a gram but it had been estimated the Canadian field could be worked at a profit at \$20,000 a gram.

Canada owes it as a sacred duty not only to our own people but to suffering humanity throughout the world to prevent these valuable resources falling into private hands, said Mr. Campbell, "or at all events to see that if they do fall into private hands, they be properly controlled by the government."

William Irvine, United Farmer member for Watsukwin, remarked that a few pounds of radium would pay off Canada's national debt.

Danger In Grain Dust

Mixed With Right Proportion Of Oxygen Becomes Highly Explosive

Grain dust alone is perfectly harmless, but when it is mixed with the right proportion of oxygen the mixture becomes highly explosive. Then any kind of external heat reaching the explosive point of the dust-oxygen mixture creates rapid combustion, which, in a confined space, is an explosion. The heat to create the explosion may be caused by static electricity developed from friction, by defective wiring, by a broken light bulb, or by the light of a match or a cigarette. When a mixture of grain dust and oxygen explodes there is no wall or roof that can stand against the terrific blast. Huge concrete blocks are hurled many yards by the force of the explosion.

Munitions Depot Isolated

Unusual Location Chosen By U.S. For Greater Safety

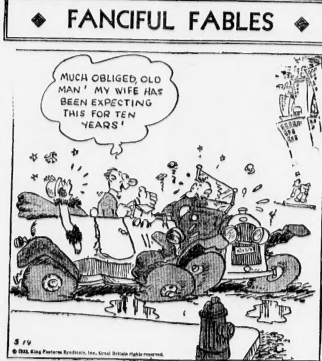
Hundreds of miles from any ocean is located the newest United States munitions depot. It is in the centre of 211 square miles of Government land at Highmore, Nev. Just to the north of the naval storehouse is Walker Lake. The unusual location of the depot, far from the fleets which it serves, is due largely to the factor of safety. Here in the desert explosions would do only local harm. At a report they would mean a catastrophe.

Traveller—"What's the use of you carrying a rifle if your train don't run on it?"

Porter—"Now you're all excited. How could you tell they was running fast if you didn't have a time table?"

When the worm turns he meets either a chicken or a fisherman.

"How is your husband?" "I don't know; I haven't seen him for five years. The last time I saw him I must have said something to annoy him."—Die Muskele, Vienna.



"These Louis XV. shoes are rather light, show me some Louis XVI."—*Le Travail, Rome.*

Royal Society Of Canada Records Many Achievements In Fifty Years Of Existence

In the spacious new National Research Building at Ottawa, the Royal Society of Canada recently held its 50th anniversary meeting.

Founded upon similar lines to the Royal Society of London, the Canadian society in fifty years of existence has achieved much. As such organizations go, it is one of the oldest, and certainly one of the most distinguished in Canada. Through its parent society at London, it may claim to be the oldest society for the advancement of science in Britain, one of the oldest in Europe, for the Royal Society dates back to 1662, four years prior to the execution of Charles I.

The Marquis of Lorne, in 1882, when Governor-General of Canada, founded a Royal Society in Canada, and looking backward over fifty years, may well view with pride its record of achievement. The society was instrumental in founding the Dominion archives, the National Survey, the National Museum, the ethnological survey, the geodetic and tidal surveys. In the last, but not least, the society has been in the forefront of the drive for the National Research Council which will shortly be housed in a fully equipped building at Ottawa, built with money voted in the last years of the King administration.

Briefly, the Royal Society is an association of the foremost scientists, mathematicians, geologists, biologists and other scientists as well as the leading literary men of the country. Its purpose is to stimulate scientific advancement, to encourage literature, to give national recognition to those whose work merits it, to hear the views from its members and, when desirable, to publish them in permanent form. The Canadian Society numbers about 250 members.

The society is divided into five sections. There are French and English sections, concerned with history, literature, economics and so on. A third section covers the chemical, physical and mathematical sciences. A fourth deals with the geological sciences, and a fifth with the biological sciences. Membership runs to between 40 and 50 in each section. The first is limited to 40 members, the second to 50. The other three sections elect three new fellows—nine in all each year. The society elects executive officers as do each of the five sections. The president this year is Sir Robert Falconer, retiring president of Toronto university. The secretary is Fred Burpee, secretary of the International Joint Commission; the treasurer, Dr. G. A. Young, of the Geological Survey. The society is supported by gifts of members, but parliament votes a small grant each year to defray cost of publishing the meritorious papers.

The fellows of the royal society are the three prairie provinces are:

Judge L. A. Preudhomme, St. Boniface; President Walter Murray, Saskatchewan University; Dr. E. H. Oliver, head of the United Church Theological College; Professor Frank Allen, of Manitoba University; J. W. Deane, editor-in-chief of the Free Press; Dr. R. J. Lang, of Alberta University; Professor R. K. McHugh, of Manitoba University; Professor M. A. Parker, of Manitoba University; Professor J. W. Shipley, of Alberta University; Professor Stanley Smith, of Alberta University; Professor T. Thorvaldson, of Saskatchewan University; Professor N. B. Wilson, of Manitoba University; Professor J. A. Allan, of 30-inch material with 15 yards of 3-inch ribbon.

You could also carry it cut in plain crepe silk in coat or navy blue. For summer, it is delightfully cool in a child or a voile print.

Price of pattern 25 cents in stamps or coin (as preferred). Wrap coin carefully.

A Museum Of Sound

German Professor Collects Records Of Voices Of Famous Persons

The modern world has been so busy enjoying the entertainment afforded by such scientific toys as the talking and the gramophone, that it has perhaps not yet properly appreciated their value as records of the age.

Now, however, a "museum of sound" is to be opened in Berlin. For the past twenty years, the organizer of this museum, Professor Doegen, has been collecting records of the voices of famous personages of all countries. Great Britain's representatives include Mr. Ramsay MacDonald and Miss Pankhurst, while the former German Kaiser is among the royally represented.

Much of Professor Doegen's material was collected during the War, when he and his wife, a prison camp collector, recorded the voices of German soldiers and prisoners of war.

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Gathering Data For Book On Dominion

Irish Author Amazed At Good Treatment Canada's Women Receive

"Canadian women are far too well treated by their men. They are pampered and spoiled. They would be better off if their husbands and sweethearts paid them less attention." This is the verdict of Lady Rosa Terrington, a daughter of Erin with the genuine milk and roses complexion and suburban Irish in her tone, who is in Ireland, in the course of a tour across Canada gathering material for a book on the Dominion.

Daughter of the late Capt. William Sheppard-Swiny, and a Fleet Street journalist for five years before leaving newspaper work for magazine and publisher assignments, Lady Terrington stated her opinions of Canadian women in no uncertain terms.

"It's amazing how well your men treat your women," she exclaimed with a smile. "Much too well, really. It's too bad for Canada, really."

"But they appreciate it, don't they?" "Not as much as they should. I have observed all too many instances since my arrival here where the women take for granted things her sisters in other countries would not pass over."

"How do Canadian women measure up with their sisters in other parts?" "Well, they're better than you. For one thing, Canadian business women, particularly. How well groomed their hands and feet are! It is the little things like that that count."

"The way you Canadians make friendships appeals to me so much," Lady Terrington continued. "It's made me lose all desire to go home. And in Canada you seem so eager to help each other. I may yet come to live here."

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Using Stainless Steel

Dome Of Church At Jerusalem To Have Five Girdles

Beating sparks into ploughshares has an apt application to Sheffield. With its great iron and steel works Sheffield during the war became one of the greatest arsenals ever organized in Britain. Now one of the great steel firms is constructing five girdles of stainless steel to encircle the dome of the Church of the Holy Sepulchre at Jerusalem.

From time to time during the last eight centuries the church has been shaken by earthquakes and there is a great possibility of its final collapse. In any building of the dome form there is always an inherent weakness at the base. When Christopher Wren built St. Paul's he thought he had overcome this difficulty by binding the base of the dome with chains of iron. The device served for 200 years but iron is not only perished but destroys the surrounding stonework. Now the dome of St. Paul's has been encircled with the stainless-steel steel of which the girder which Sheffield Munitions Works are now forging with the Holy Sepulchre have some curious associations.

It is curious to recall the great invention of stainless steel following the war years. The outcome of earlier explorations by metallurgists to discover a steel for rifle barrels which would not corrode. Truly the steel which Sheffield Munitions Works are now forging with the Holy Sepulchre have some curious associations.

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R. S. Sexton A. Hankin
Proprietors

Thursday, June 23rd, 1932

Charlie Cremon has given his store front a new coat of paint.

Mrs. S. G. Clarkson, has taken up residence in town.

D. McBeachon, has been quite sick during the past few days.

A number of ears of engine sand are being loaded at the sand pits.

Born—To Mr. and Mrs. F. X. Martin, of Horseshoe, Sask., June 11, a daughter.

Rev. J. P. Borne, Geo. Dork, sr., John Rowles and W. Parker, of Cavendish, attended the Laymen's Conference of the Anglican Church, held at Oyen, Monday.

Filling of the trestle bridge at Shawar is now being done by the C.P.R. J. Flood has the contract for the hauling of gravel for a concrete culvert.

Weather of the past few days has been extremely hot and with the crops rank in growth farmers fear that crops will be inclined to scorch.

Mess Peers' store which has been given an exterior coat of stucco, presents a much improved appearance.

R.M. of Mantario--cont.

Accounts—Eaton's hospital to date, \$42.50; Empress hospital, April, 172.00; Alaska hospital, \$1.00; Calgary Holy Cross, \$2.50.

Roads—Div. 4: I. Tschabold,

LOWER FARES

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between all stations in Canada
FARE
1 1/4 FOR ROUND TRIP

Good going
from NOON, June 30
to NOON, July 3

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FIRST CLASS MEALS
Good Rooms
Always a Full Stock Carried
Candies, Cigars, Cigarettes
ICE CREAM & SUNDAES
Dance and after theatre lunches
A Place of City Style.



Health Service

OF THE
Canadian Medical Association

GRANT FLEMING, M.D., ASSOCIATE SECRETARY

Health and Age

During the course of our life, time we change. Change is inevitable, because we first grow gradually and develop into maturity; then later we begin to fade. Change is part of life.

There is no reason why, during all these years of changing conditions, we should not enjoy health. We can, provided we are willing to recognize the changes which occur, and make

7.36; D. B. McPherson, 22.80; Gordon May, 33.20; A. Matthews, 22.00; G. Clark, 4.00.

Div. 2: S. Foster, 15.00; Gao Foster, 10.80; Verne French, 4.00.

Div. 6: Ewald Wenzel, 22.00; R. McNally, 15.00; W. Hsiep, 7.70.

Day sheet Div. 1, 20.00; J. Klippert, Div. 2, 7.25; Francis Hughes, Div. 3, 9.00; W. E. A. Leach, Div. 3, 10.20; E. Halden, 3.00; A. Parenteau, 2.00; J. Feagan, 0.75; A. Rowles, 0.75.

Association R.M. Gopher P.O., 47.25.

Machinery maintenance—E. R. McNally, 16.00; N. D. Storey, 1.00; Empress Lumber Yds., 2.00.

Printing, postage, stationery: Mantario telephone, 2.70; O.K. Rubber Stamp Co., 1.10; Sect. Treas., postage, etc., 25.60; Commercial Printers, 11.00; Western Man. News, 17.85; Do., 9.75; Alaska News, 9.00; Workmen's Compensation, 66.27. Total, \$1078.27.

Kinch—That accounts be paid.

Rowles—That accounts for Empress Hospital for May be paid at the rate of \$250 per day and account for Stoinley baby at \$1.50: \$171.00.

Edwards—That account of Cn. Dahl, mileage re H. Houle be paid, \$8 and charged to health account.

Kinch—That account of Cn. Hawtin, supervision of roads be paid, 3.50.

Montgomery—That Cn. Dahl be a committee to make arrangements re Mantario cemetery.

Rowles—That in regard to J. Miller, the attention of the Relief Officer be drawn to this and that if he had not power to deal with it that Cn. Edwards have power to give an order.

Montgomery—That the offer of the Empire hospital for a day rate of 2.50 per day for patients' fees be accepted, and that we thank the hospital board for their action in making the reduction.

(cont. next week)

For Sale

Hereford Bulls, from twelve to twenty-four months old, Bean-Donald breeding, may like a few young ones in trade—Clyde Stauffer, Alaska.

For Sale

Pure-bred Bull, Shorthorn, 2 years old, very best of breeding. Call and see this animal—E. Vlachou, Empress.

IMPOUNDED

on N.W. 13 24 29 w3, on 13th day of June, 1932:

One Black Gelding, star in forehead, four white feet.
Dated 13th day of June.

J. Hughes, Poundkeeper.

IMPOUNDED

on N.W. 13 24 29 w3, on 19th day of June, 1932:

One Bay Mare, star in forehead, mane clipped off, right hind foot white, mark resembling a 'u' on left shoulder.
Dated 21st day of June.

J. Hughes, Poundkeeper.

the necessary effort to adjust ourselves to these changes.

Throughout life there are certain health requirements that do not change. Proper food, sufficient rest, exercise and such things are required at all ages. However, the food requirements of a young baby are not the same as those of a working man, nor is the amount of sleep required the same. The general need continues, but it must be adapted to the age and occupation of the individual.

At certain ages there are disease hazards. Whooping cough is a serious menace to the young baby. Tuberculosis takes its heaviest toll in early adult life. Cancer ravages the adult group. It is obvious that at these various ages special attention must be given to meet

Pupils from outside points writing examinations at the local school are: Mrs. Webber, of Mendham; Miss Kreller, of Social Plains; Marion Battie, Josephine; A. Young and Keith Gordon, Vandyne.

the conditions which are particularly serious at such ages.

A difficult age is the one when we begin to realize that our bodies are no longer capable of doing readily the things which were formerly done with ease. We do not like to think that we are growing old, and that we have passed the height of our physical powers. When this time comes it is necessary to make the habits of life such that they are within the capacity of the body. It means taking things a little slower with longer periods of rest, and the avoidance of heavy or sudden physical strain. The growing boy cannot do what the full grown man can do, and the older man should not attempt what the younger adult can do.

A man may be only as old as he feels, and there is no reason why he should be depressed because he is growing older. However, no matter how young he feels, it is the part of wisdom for the older man to realize that his body is not as young as it was. If he will do that he may look forward to many useful and happy years.

The older person requires less food. More rest is needed. Sudden physical strains are to be avoided. Things should be done more quietly and deliberately. The golden rule is moderation in all things. Age comes from excesses, whether

in one or many things. Take the years as they come, and make them healthy, happy years by adjusting the manner of living to the changing body.

Questions concerning Health, addressed to the Canadian Medical Association, 184 College Street, Toronto, will be answered personally by letter.

HOT WEATHER MEANS PICNICS

Why not keep your liquids cool with a THERMOS Bottle. Price range from 60c. to \$2.50

A COLEMAN GAS IRON will save you many steps in the hot weather. We have the IMPROVED No. 4 for \$8.50 each

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It will be a great help on hot days. Come in and inspect our line, it is complete and prices are all down.

A Three-Burner PERFECTION STOVE for \$37.50.

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Men's Tweed Sport Trousers 1.65
Reg. 2.50, special

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4.75, special

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reg. 2.50-3.00 values, Spec.

Men's and Boy's Suspenders .25
Special

Ladies' PRINT DRESSES .95
Special, each

W. R. BRODIE

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36 in. Print, yard - 20c
Boy's Canvas Shoes, pair - 80c
Men's Canvas Shoes, pair - 90c
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White Beans, 6 lbs. for - 25c

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Mens' fine Italian chip straw, with fancy bands, straight and varied colors, light and dark straw. These are a real comfort in warm weather.

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The real picnic straw hat, will save your eyes and complexion from the sun's rays.

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